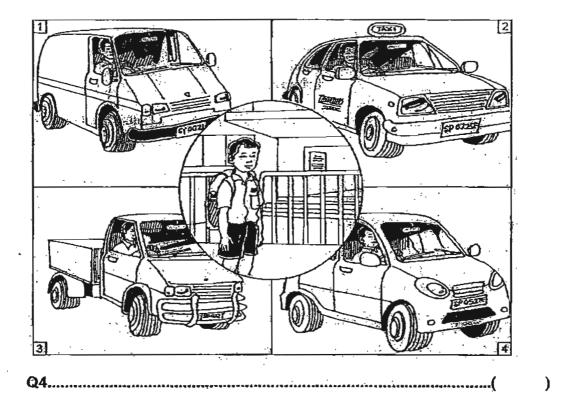
#### Pei Chun Public School Semestral Assessment 1, 2011 English Listening Comprehension Primary 3

Name: ( )	Date:	25 April 2011	
Class: Primary 3 ( )  Subject Teacher:  Part 1: Picture Matching (4 marks)  Look at the set of pictures. I am going to read to you some spicture that shows what I have read. Match the sentences to the number 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the brackets provided.	Marks: statements ne correct	s. Then choose the picture. Write the	
	3	4	
Q1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	( )	)
	3	4	
Q2		()	)
	3	4	
Q3			١



#### Section B: Note-taking and Dictation (12 marks)

Q5 to Q10 is a note-taking test. Q11 is a dictation test.

As you listen, take down the missing information by filling in the blanks numbered Q5 to Q10 with one word or a short phrase.

5.	Name of the object :	
6.	Materials you need for the activity are a pen	cil, a white coloured
	card, hole punch and some coloured	<u>:</u>
<b>7.</b>	First, divide the card into	equal sections.
8,	Then colour one section red, one section	and
	the third, green.	
),	Next, you have to make a hole in the using the hole punch.	of the card,
0.	Then spin the card on the pencil	

Take down the passage in full in the space provided for Q11.							
Sir Isaac N	ewton was one of the grea	atest scientists and math	ematicians of his				
generation							
•							
·							
-							
<u></u>							
	•		·				
·							
-							

End of Paper

Q11 Dictation

### PEI CHUN PUBLIC SCHOOL SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 1, 2011 ENGLISH LANGUAGE

# PAPER 2: LANGUAGE USE AND COMPREHENSION PRIMARY 3

Name:	( )	
Class: Primary 3 ( )		
Subject Teacher:	<del></del>	
Date: 5 May 2011	Parent's Signature	e:
Duration: 1h 15min	,	

Component	Marks obtained	Maximum marks for each component
Paper 1 (Writing)		20
Paper 2 (Language Use and Comprehension)		.48
Paper 3 (Listening Comprehension)		16
Total marks for all Components		84

Note: There is no Oral Communication (Paper 4) for Semestral Assessment 1.

Section A: Vocabulary MCQ (6 x 1 mark)
Choose the most suitable answer and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets provided.

	big ferocious dog saw the robbed and showed its long sharp teet		e a	
1)	wild fearless	2) 4)	harmful menacing	(
The	poor child had been without for with hunger.	od for s	everal days and his stom	ach
1)	trembled rumbled	2) 4)	rattled whispered	(
1)	s of fish died in the river becaus  pure	2)	boiled	
3)	filtered nebody vandalised the public ph	4)	polluted	(
	acipal intends to find out who the			
1) 3)	spy culprit	2) 4)	victim victor	(
	ballerina danced veryience applauded loudly.		on the stage and the	
1)	clumsily	2)	daintily	(
· , L	gracefully	4)	smartly	

6.	The witness has to		in court that he saw the man			
	com	mitting the crime.				
	1)	argue	2)	testify	,	,
	3)	reveal	4)	discuss	(	)
		Grammar MCO (6:		mber (1 2 3 or 4) i	n tha	
		rovided.	na witte its na	11001 (1, 2, 3 01 4) 1	n the	
<b>7.</b>		strolled tiful sunset_	the sandy	beach and watched	the	
	1)	over	2)	under		
	3)	along	4)	through	(	)
8.		made your mother angrast apologise to her.	y just now. I tl	nink you		
	1)	will	2)	would		
	3)	might	4)	should	(	)
9.		ry morning, Grandpa self trim and fit.		in the park to ke	еер	
	1)	jog	2)	jogs		
	3)	is jogging	4)	will jog	(	)
10.		netball competition toda	-	led		
	1)	off	2)	for		
	3)	upon	4)	over	1	`
	-	-	•		1	1

Li.	However,		people were still	trampled to safety.	
	1) 3)	all most	2) mud 4) seva	ch eral (	)
12.		m brushed his teetled to bed.	and switched off the lig	hts	
	1)	while	2) afte	1	)

### Section C: Vocabulary Cloze (8 x 1 mark)

Read the passage carefully. Choose the correct answer from the words given in the box and write its letter (A to M) in each blank. The letter 'I' has been omitted to avoid confusion during marking.

#### USE EACH WORD ONCE ONLY.

(A)	build	(D)	harmful	(G)	pollute	(K)	source
(B)	extinct	(E)	located	(H)	powerful	(L)	supply
(C)	enormous	(F)	mankind	(J)	reproduce	(M)	survival

Frogs have existed	d on our planet for millions of years. A	Mother Earth
needs these creatures and	I we should try not to (13)	our
environment so that they	can continue to live and (14)	to
ensure the survival of the		
Frogs are amazing	creatures and are very useful to (15)	
They get rid of (16)	insects such as flies an	d mosquitoes. They
are also a rich (17)	of food because the tend	der meat of frogs
appeals to both humans a	and animals. There are several frog farr	ns
(18)	in the rural parts of Singapore which	
(19)	frogs to markets and restaurants.	
	swimmers than	
hecause frogs' feet are f	illy webbed while toads' feet are only	half webbed.

#### Section D: Grammar Cloze (8 x 1 mark)

Read the passage carefully. Choose the correct word from the words given in the box and write its letter (A to G) in each blank.

#### Passage 1

#### USE EACH WORD ONCE ONLY.

	(A)	everywhere	(C)	what	<b>(E)</b>	whenever	(G)	whose
	(B)	how	(D)	when	(F)	where		•
	I	was feeling despe	rate.	I had misplace	ed my	y mobile phone.	I had	searched
(2	21)		_ for	it but to no av	ail.	Feeling really an	gry w	ith
	myself, I frowned and thought, "Now (22) on earth did I							
le	eave it?	I just used it to	call N	/Jum after taki	ng m	y lunch."		
	With a sinking heart, I realised that I had lost my phone. Almost on the							
V	erge of	tears, I was think	king (	of (23)		to apo	ologis	e to
M	lum w	ho would most ce	rtainl	y scold me sev	erely/	7. Then, out of the	1e blu	e,

everything seemed lost, I heard my friend, Mavis,

calling me, "Hey, Jessie, this is your phone, isn't it?"

#### Passage 2

(A)	among	(C) in	(E) onto	(G) with
<b>(B)</b>	from	(D) to	(F) through	

The coach was travelling steadily along the rather dark highway.

Most of the passengers were sleeping soundly. It had been a long, tiring day.

Suddenly, there was a very loud sound. The bus swerved violently

and then came (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a halt. Shouting could be

could be heard and soon panic started to spread (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_

the passengers. Then the driver's voice came (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the

speakers in the bus.

"Is everybody alright? There is no cause for alarm, folks. You see, the bus hit a cow standing (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the middle of the road. We will continue with our journey soon. The bus is fine, but I'm afraid the poor cow isn't."

#### Section E: Comprehension MCQ (5 x 2 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. Choose the most suitable answer and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets provided.

Danny clutched the bag tightly in his hand as he entered the room.

Dr Wong gave him a broad smile and indicated the bench where Danny could deposit his bag. Danny put his bag down and climbed onto the leather chair with some difficulty. Feeling really nervous, he lay back and stared at the ceiling. Dr Wong put on a pair of gloves and a face mask. With his heart pounding, Danny opened his mouth wide while Dr Wong peered and probed his teeth.

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Suddenly, Dr Wong dropped his mirror on the floor. He jumped backwards and his elbow hit a tray. A few instruments clattered to the ground.

"A mouse! Where did it come from?" he yelled.

Danny gasped in shock. Had his brother's pet somehow found its way into his bag? He looked around and spotted the mouse. Danny tried to grab hold of its long tail as it scampered across the floor. Meanwhile, Dr Wong had dashed out of the room. Danny got hold of a broom and swiped

15
it at the troublemaker but it disappeared under a cupboard. Danny quickly slid his hand under the cupboard.

"Gotcha!" he exclaimed triumphantly to a pale-looking Dr Wong.

Why	did Danny go to see Dr Wong?		
(1)	He had a stomachache.		
	* **		
(4)	He needed to get some medication.	(	)
From	the first naragraph, we can tell that Danny was feeling		
· (1)	amused	-	
	curious		
(3)	scared	(	`
(4)	furious	(	,
The	word "clattered" in line 9 tells us that		
(1)	Dr Wong jumped backwards.		
(2)	Dr Wong was terrified of the mouse.		
(3)	the mouse was scampering away.	,	
(4)	the instruments fell and made a loud sound.	(	)
In lin	e 16, the word "troublemaker" refers to	·····•	
(1)	Danny		
(2)	Danny's brother		
(3)	Danny's brother's pet	(	)
(4)	one of the patients in the clinic		
What	do you think happened in the end?		
(1)	The mouse was caught by Danny.		
(2)	The mouse managed to escape.		
(3)	The mouse was caught by Danny's brother.	,	`
(4)	Dr Wong fainted and could not attend to Danny.	(	)
	(1) (2) (3) (4)  From rather (1) (2) (3) (4)  In lim (1) (2) (3) (4)  What (1) (2) (3) (4)	(1) He had a stomachache. (2) He had a dental appointment. (3) He just wanted to visit Dr Wong. (4) He needed to get some medication.  From the first paragraph, we can tell that Danny was feeling rather  (1) amused (2) curious (3) scared (4) furious  The word "clattered" in line 9 tells us that  (1) Dr Wong jumped backwards. (2) Dr Wong was terrified of the mouse. (3) the mouse was scampering away. (4) the instruments fell and made a loud sound.  In line 16, the word "troublemaker" refers to  (1) Danny (2) Danny's brother (3) Danny's brother (3) Danny's brother in the clinic  What do you think happened in the end? (1) The mouse was caught by Danny. (2) The mouse managed to escape. (3) The mouse was caught by Danny's brother.	(1) He had a stomachache. (2) He had a dental appointment. (3) He just wanted to visit Dr Wong. (4) He needed to get some medication.  (5) From the first paragraph, we can tell that Danny was feeling rather  (6) amused (7) curious (8) scared (9) furious  (1) Dr Wong jumped backwards. (1) Dr Wong jumped backwards. (2) Dr Wong was terrified of the mouse. (3) the mouse was scampering away. (4) the instruments fell and made a loud sound.  (1) Danny (2) Danny's brother (3) Danny's brother (3) Danny's brother's pet (4) one of the patients in the clinic  (1) The mouse was caught by Danny. (2) The mouse managed to escape. (3) The mouse was caught by Danny's brother.

#### Section F: Comprehension OE (5 x 2 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow in complete sentences.

Lenny pulled down his hat and trotted off towards the lake. He looked at the scenery around him and felt grateful that his home was in the beautiful countryside. He felt safe mounted on his faithful companion. Braveheart was surefooted and Lenny had been riding him for several years.

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As usual, Lenny rode slowly. He had to keep a sharp lookout for rattlesnakes which could startle Braveheart if they ever encountered one.

It was peaceful and quiet in the wide open space and Lenny could hear the faint buzz of insects and the sweet sounds of the humming birds.

Suddenly, Braveheart neighed and jumped backwards. Lenny quickly looked around. He saw a dead animal lying just in front of them and realised that Braveheart was startled. The small animal was probably killed by a mountain lion. Lenny whispered some comforting words in Braveheart's ear and then decided to head for home. He put Braveheart in his stable, wiped him down and gave him fresh water. Next, he finished all the chores his father had given him. Then he went to the orchard and gathered some fruit. He felt famished.

"I wonder what Mum has prepared for lunch," he thought.

What would happen if Braveheart were to see a rattlesnake?	
	,
What sound did the insects make?	
Why was Braveheart startled?	
Which word in the passage tells us that Lenny was hungry?	

## End of Paper

Set by : Vetted by :

Chan Kai Yin P3 English Department Teachers



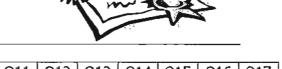
# Answer Sheet

#### **EXAM PAPER 2011**

SCHOOL: PEI CHUN

**SUBJECT: PRIMARY 3 ENGLISH** 

TERM: SA1



4 3 4 3 3 2 3 4 2 1 4 3 G J F D	Q	1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17
4 3 4 3 3 2 3 4 2 1 4 3 G J F D	4	,	3	4	3	3	2	3	4	2	1	4	3	G	3	F	D	K

Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30	Q31	Q32	Q33
E	L	H	A	F	В	D	D	A	F	C	2	3	4	3	1

34)Braveheart was Lenny's faithful companion.

35)Brareheart would be startled.

36)They made a faint buzz.

37)Braveheart saw a dead animal.

38) The word is "famished".